



# First glance at the response of a CNGS target rod to the beam

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# Contents



- Aim of the test
- Setup
- Performance
  - Temperature
  - Vibrations
  - Analysis
- Conclusion

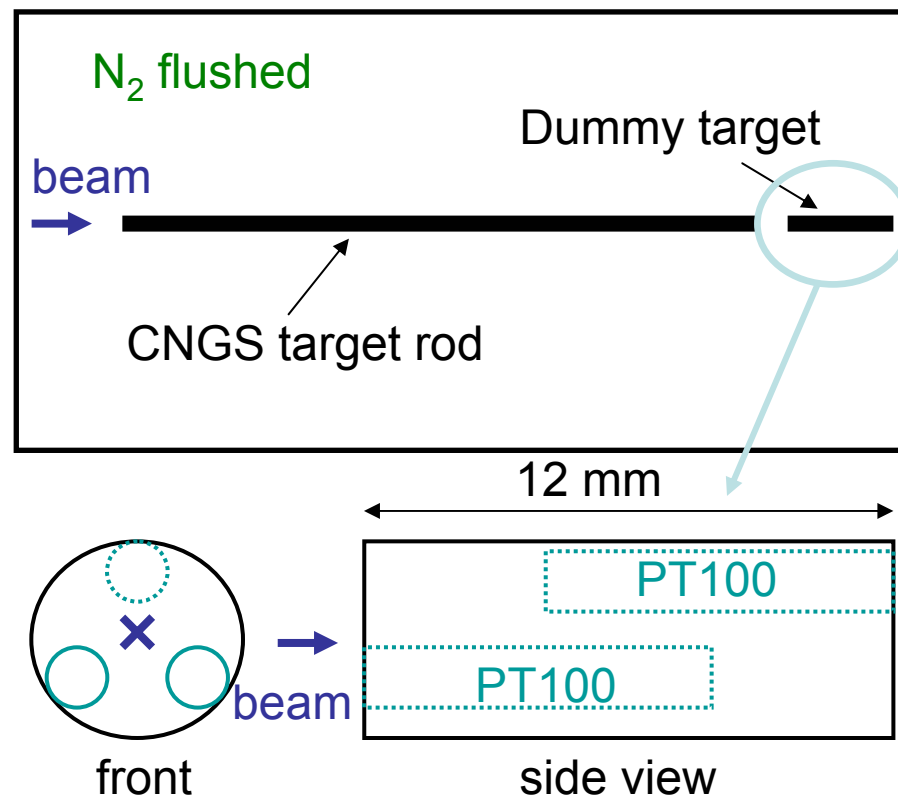
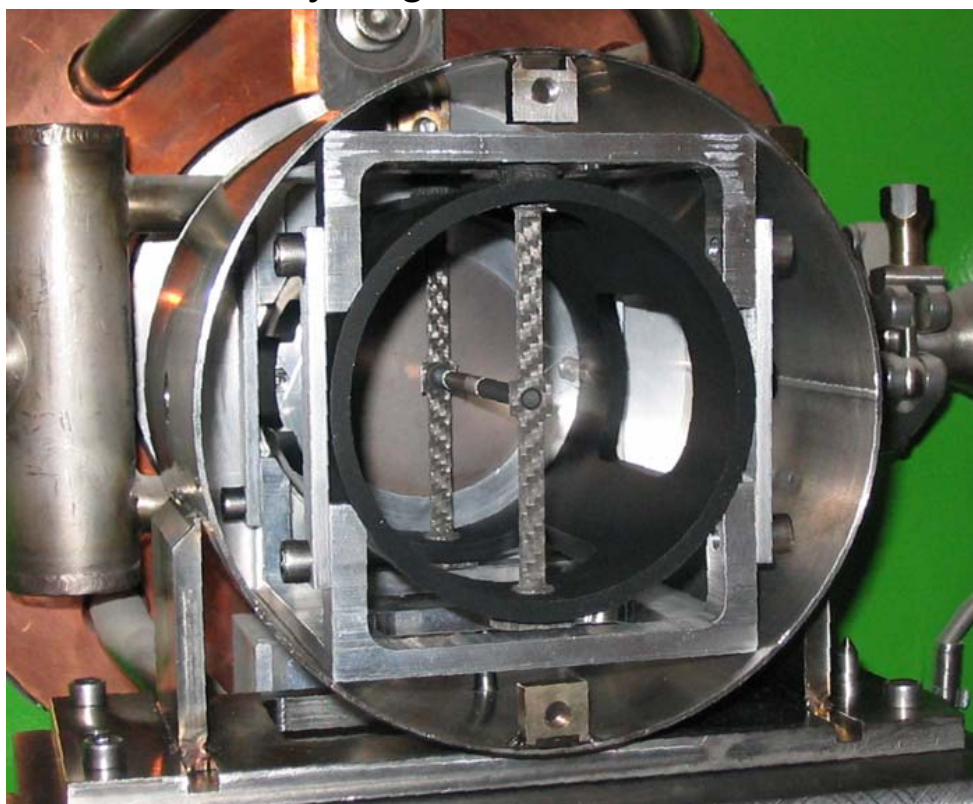


# Aim of the test

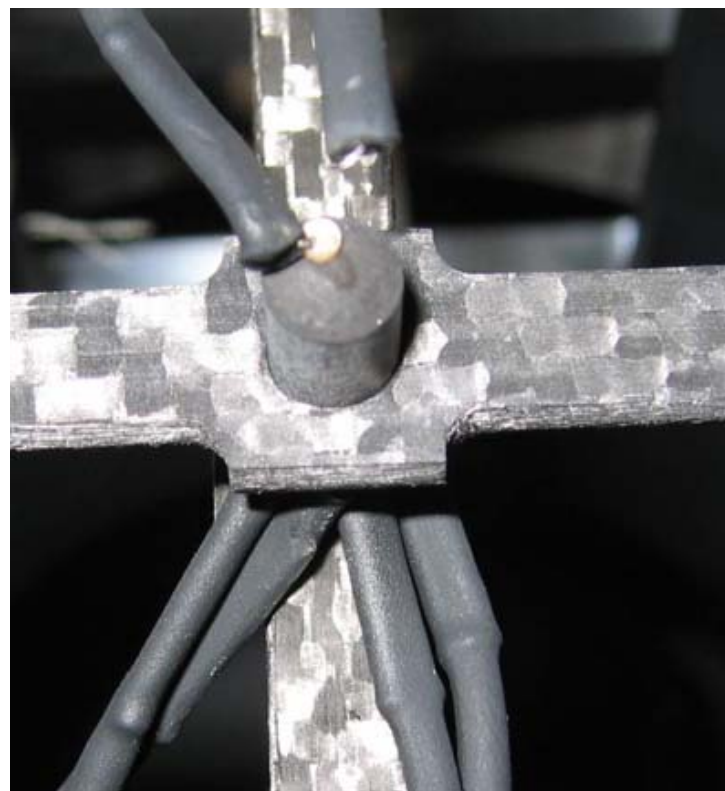


- To strike the target with the proton beam
- Measure
  - mechanical vibrations
  - damping constants
- input to/compare with simulations

- Nominal target rod: graphite,  $d = 0.5 \text{ cm}$ ,  $l = 10 \text{ cm}$
- N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 2l/min flow
- Dummy target downstream with PT100



- Laser Doppler-Vibrometer
  - Mechanical deformation of rod
- Pt100 Sensors
  - Temperature, beam position

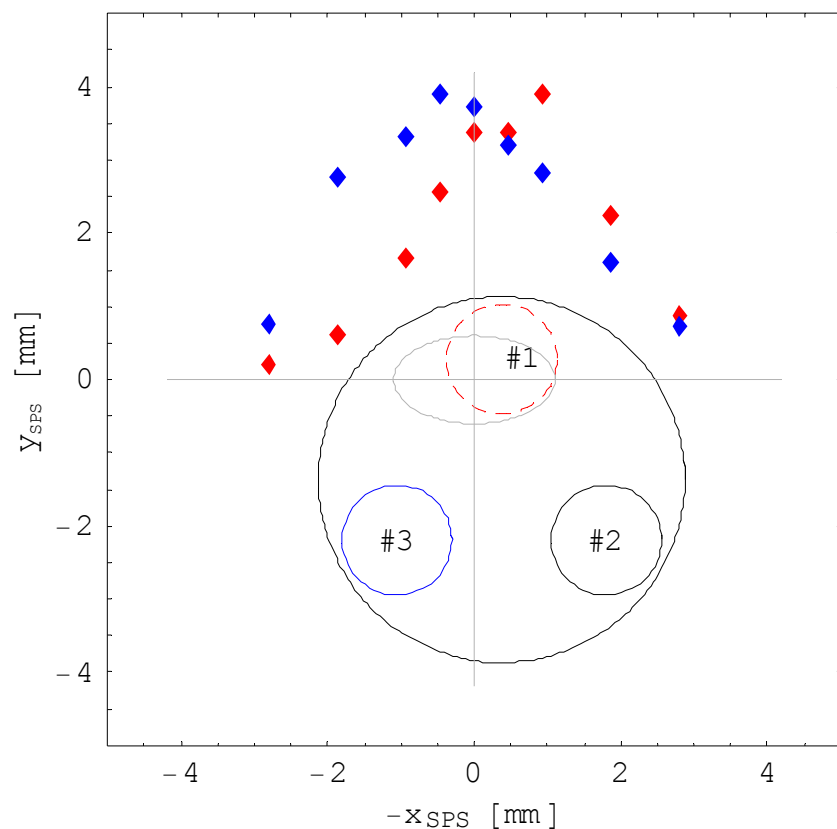




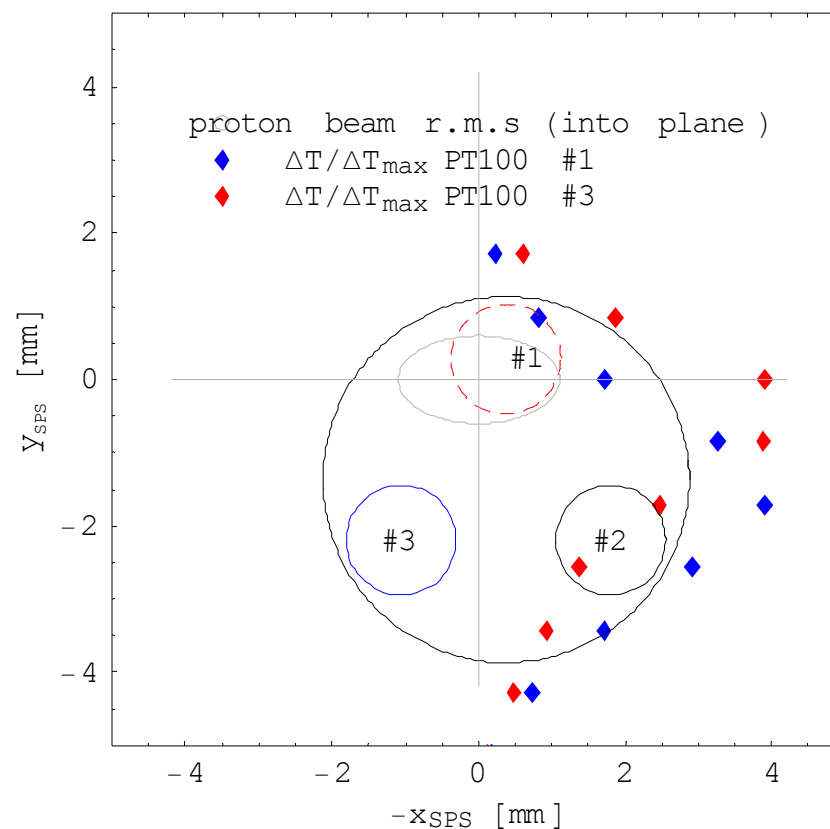
# temperature vs. position scan



horizontal scan

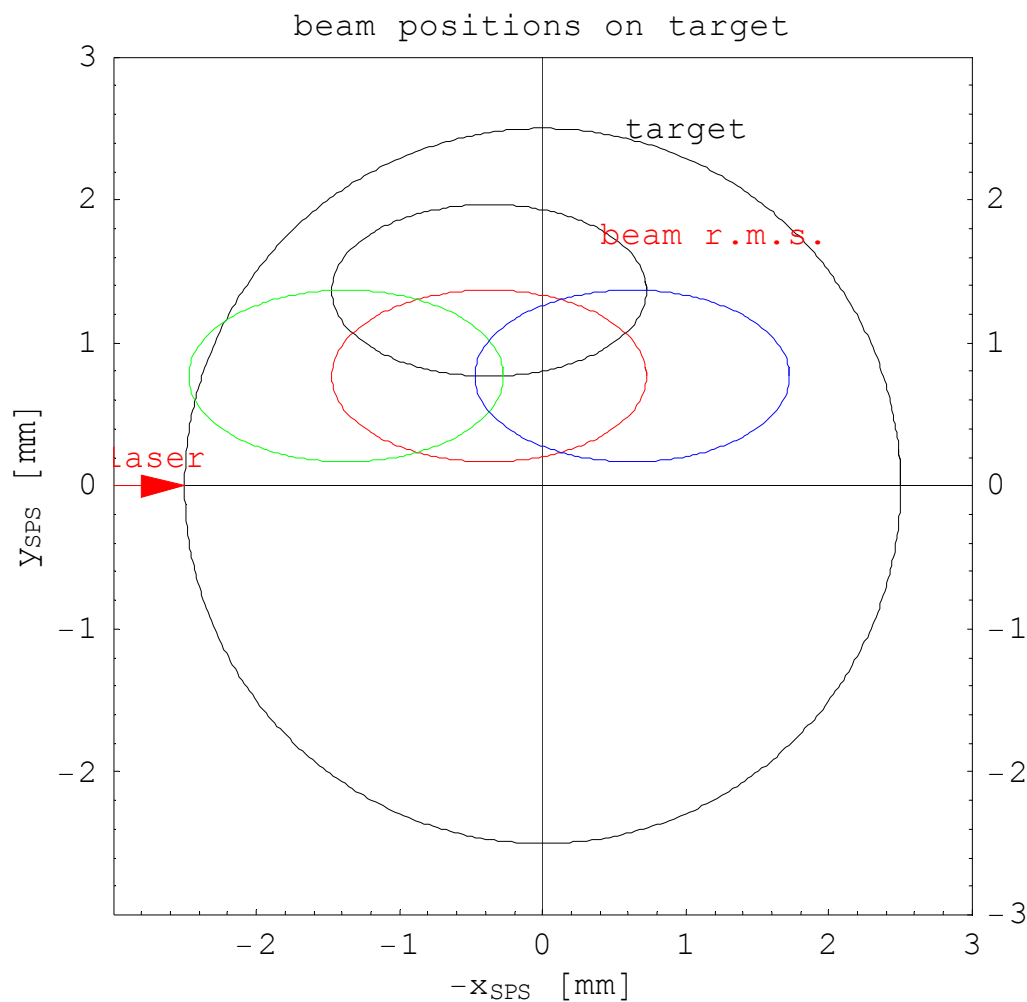


vertical scan





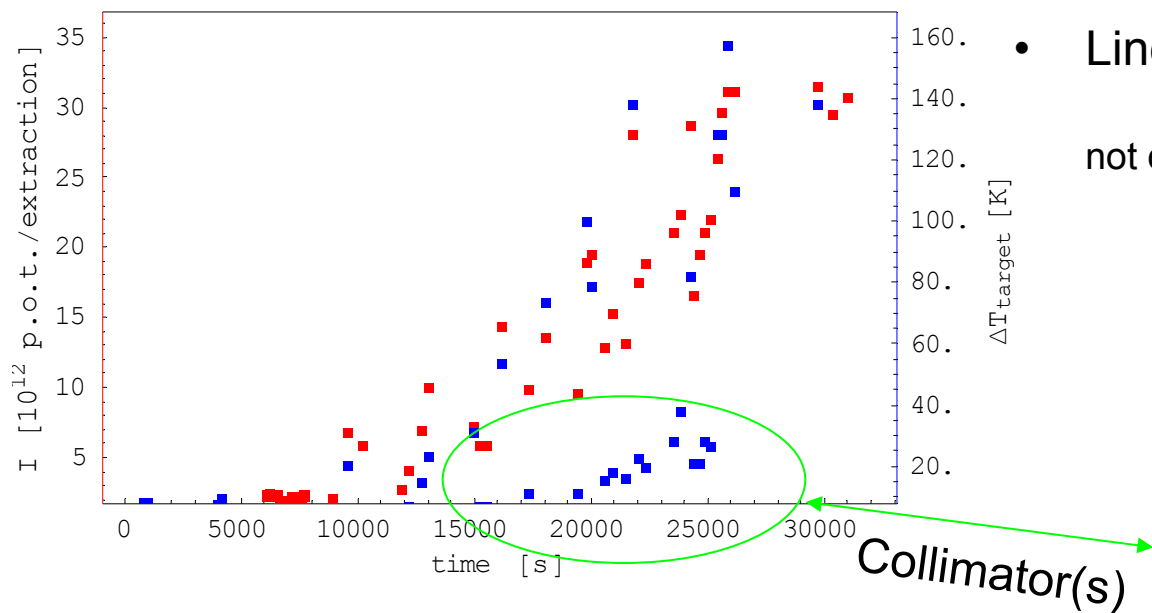
# Beam position



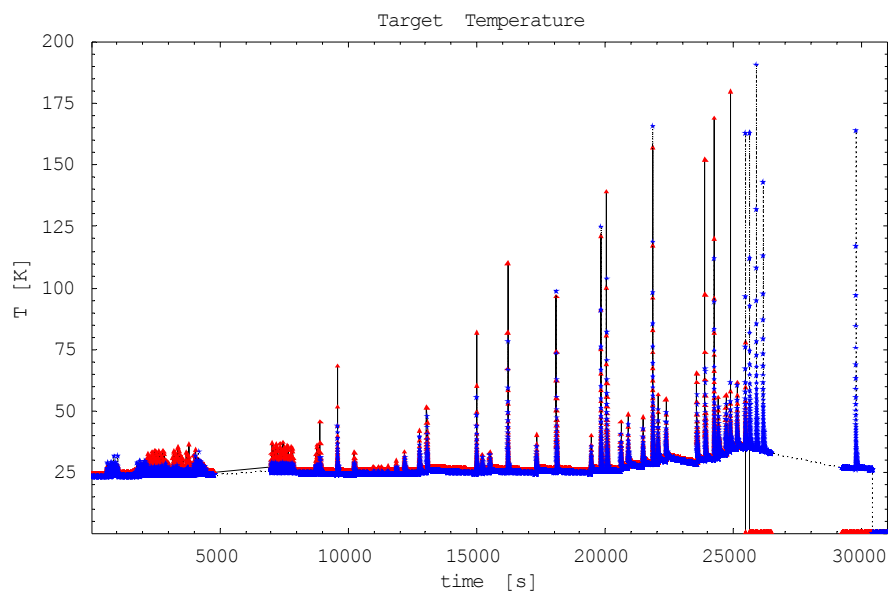
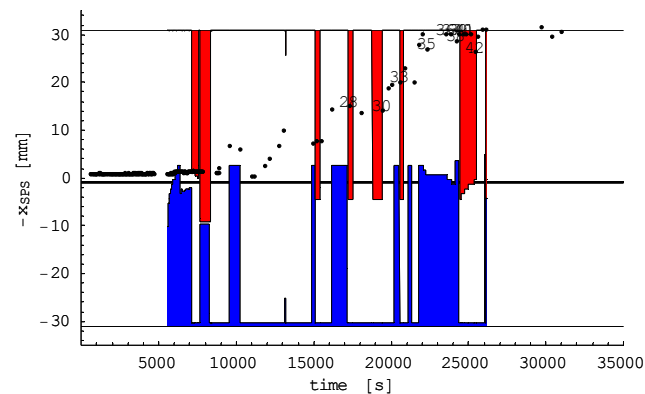
- Various positions
- Overall to high
  - by 0.8mm
- Radial displacement
  - $r > 0.9$  mm
  - $r < 1.6$  mm



# temperature reading



- Linear relation  
temperature  $\leftrightarrow$  intensity  
not corrected for changes of beam position





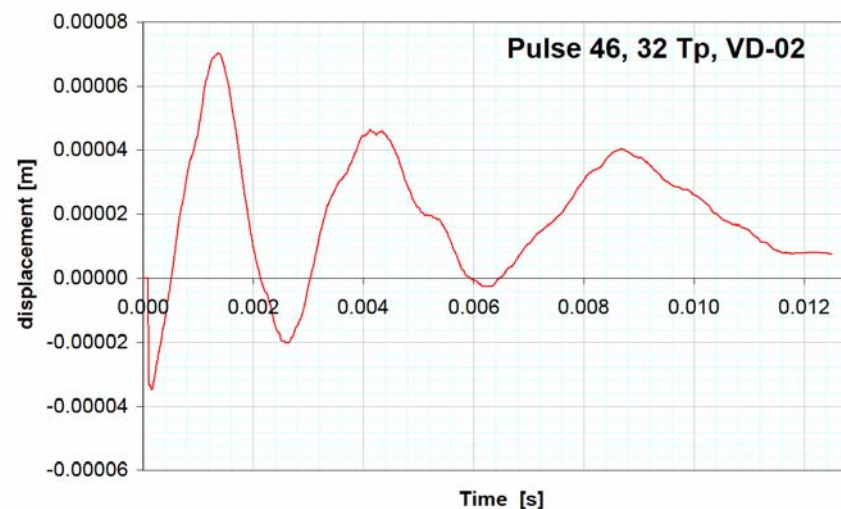
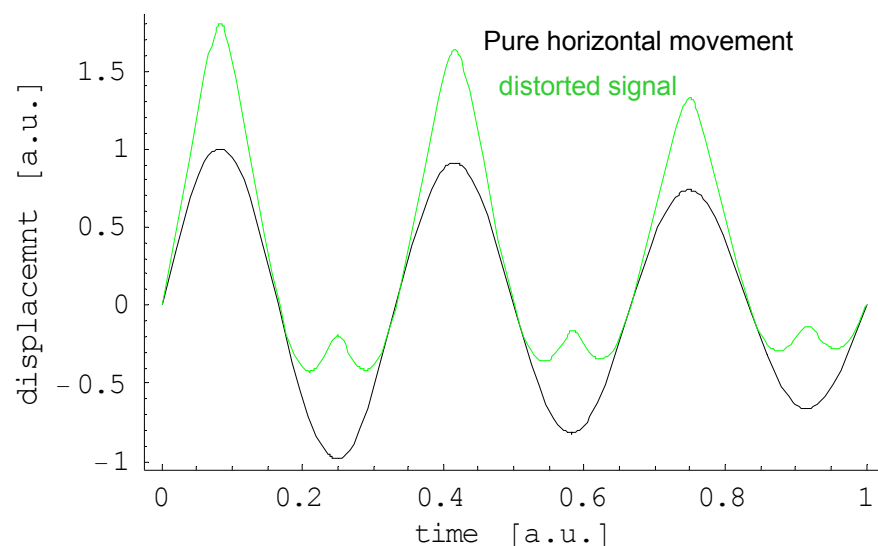
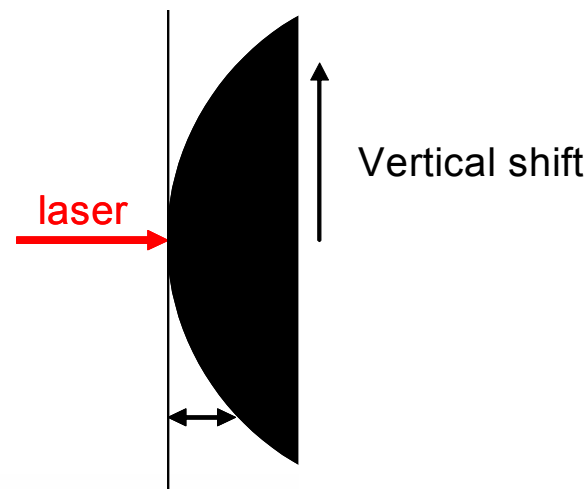


# laser vibrometer response



LVM records velocity coaxial with laser beam

- intention to measure horizontal displacement
- vertical movement of target distorts signal



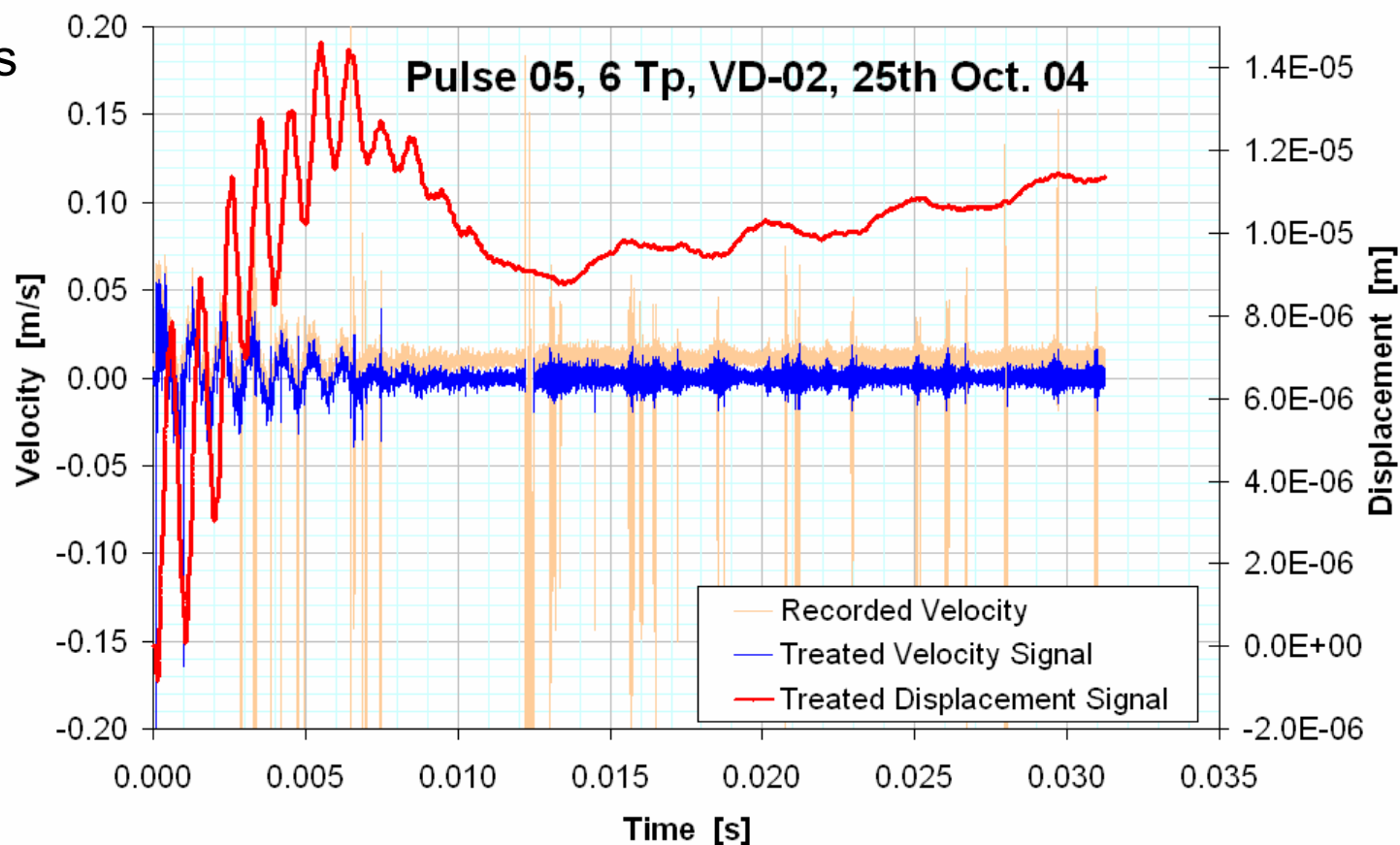


# noise suppression



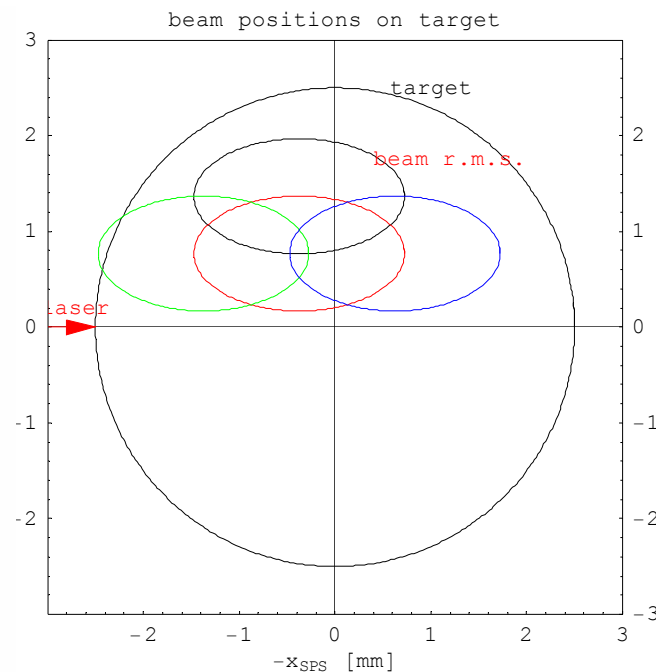
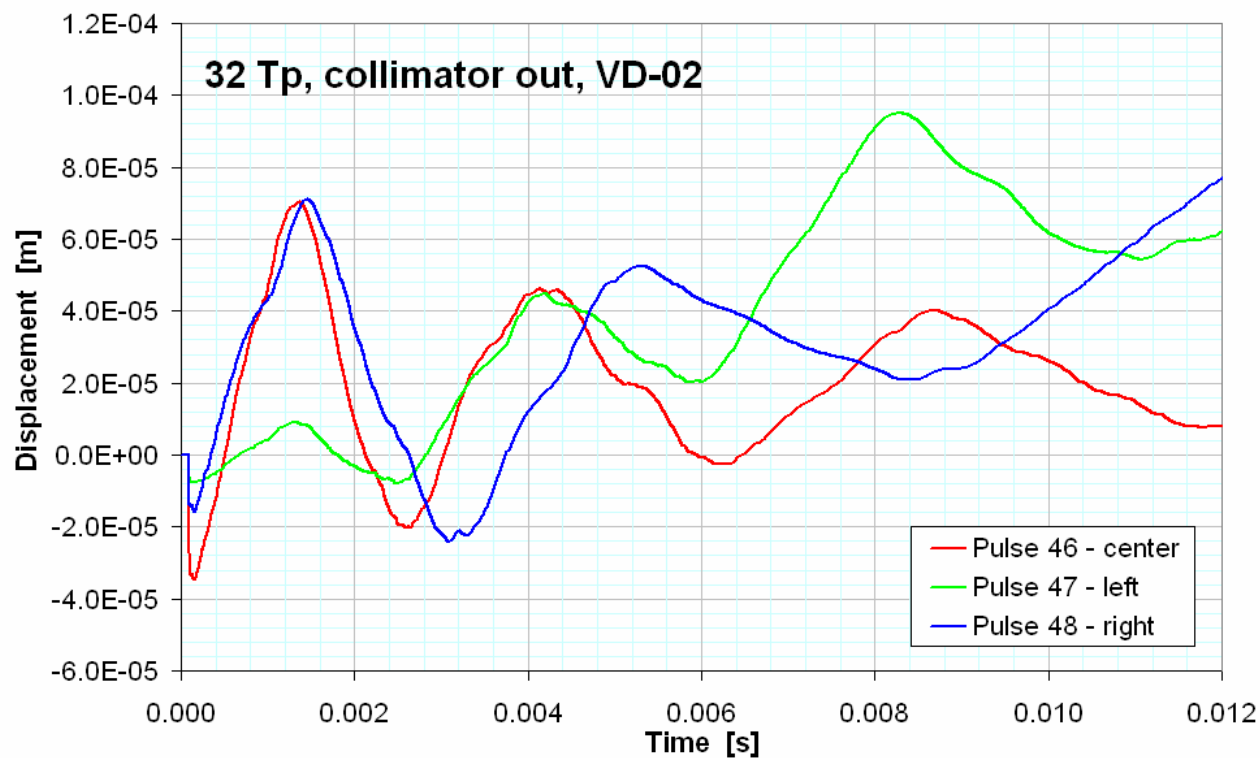
LVM records velocity co-axial with laser beam

- Random spikes
- Velocity offset





# horizontal beam scan

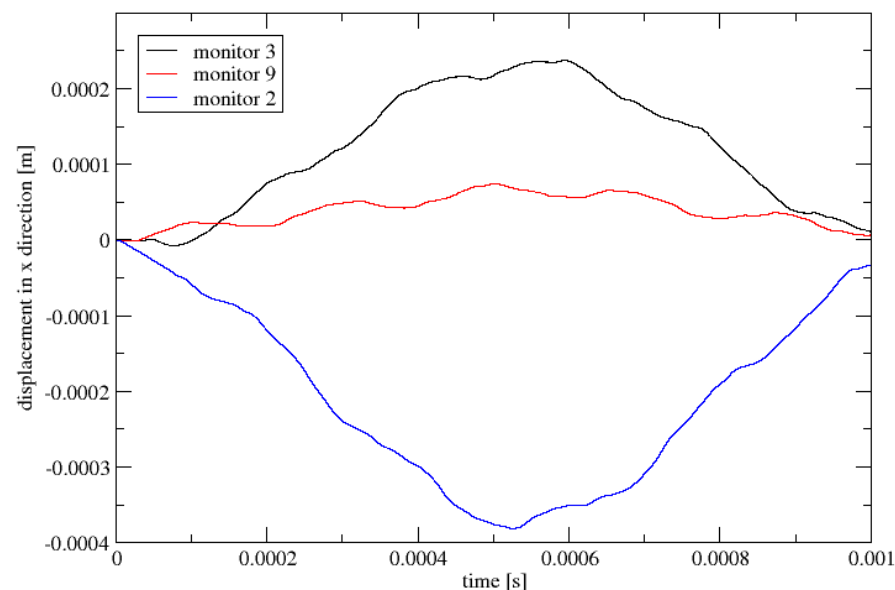
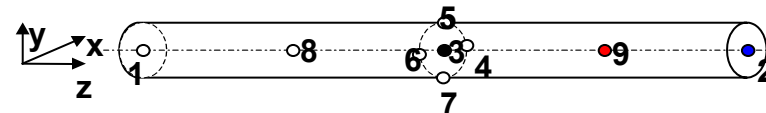
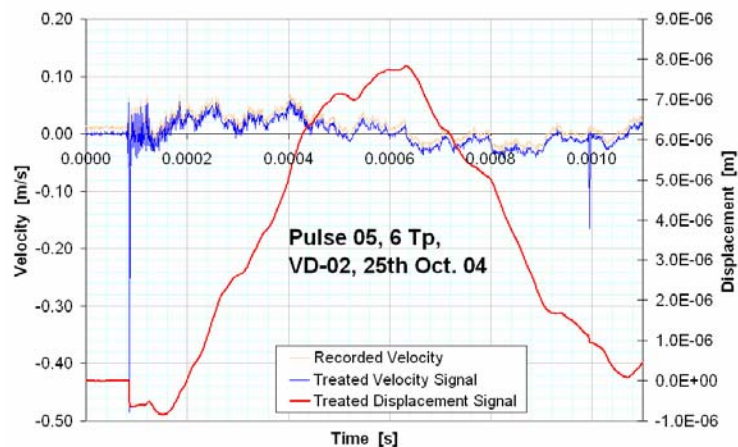
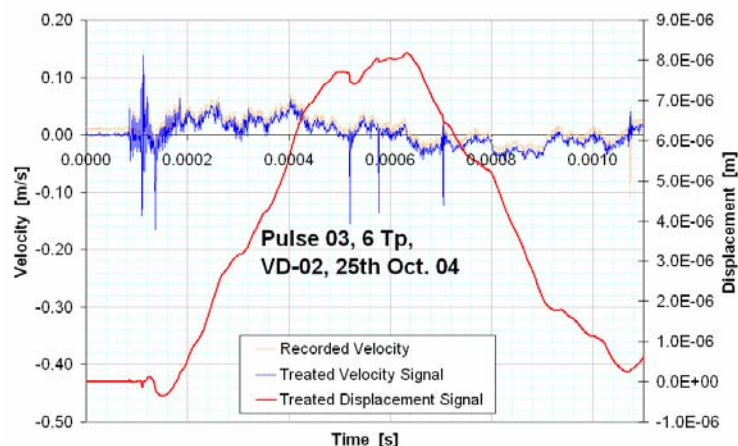


Displaced beam results in bending



# Qualitative Comparison

experiment ↔ simulation



$3.5 \times 10^{13}$  p.o.t.

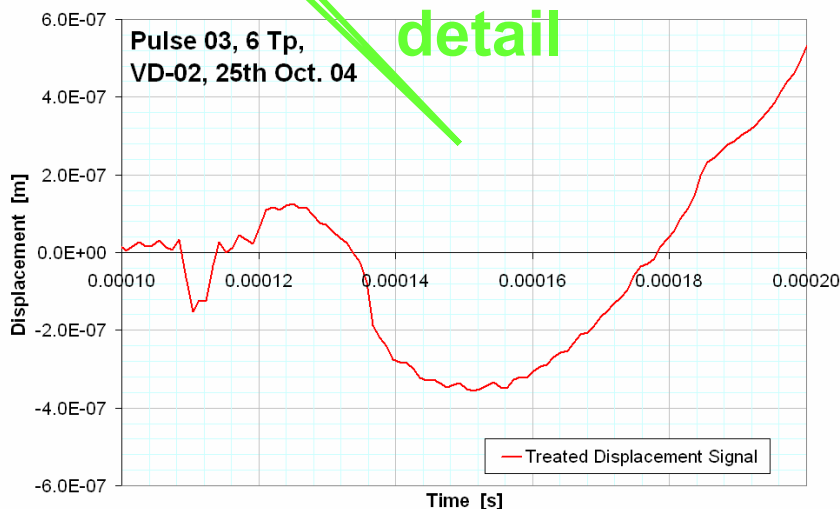
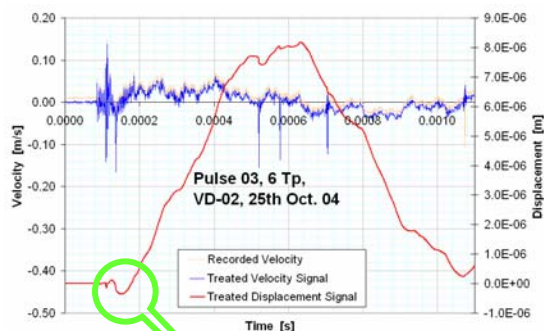
L. Massidda and F. Mura, CRS4

$0.6 \times 10^{13}$  p.o.t., TT40, 25th Oct.

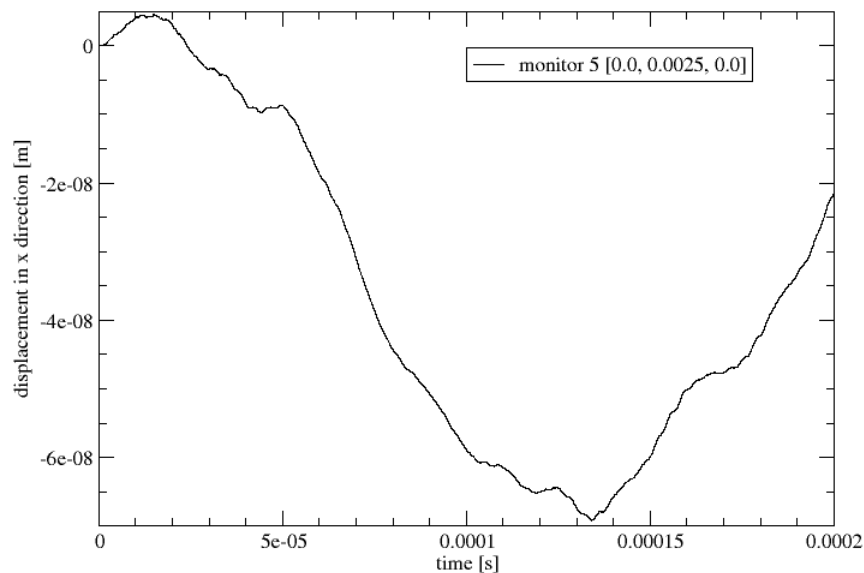
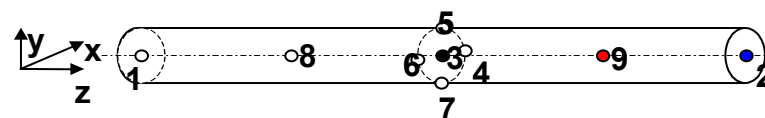


# Qualitative Comparison

experiment ↔ simulation



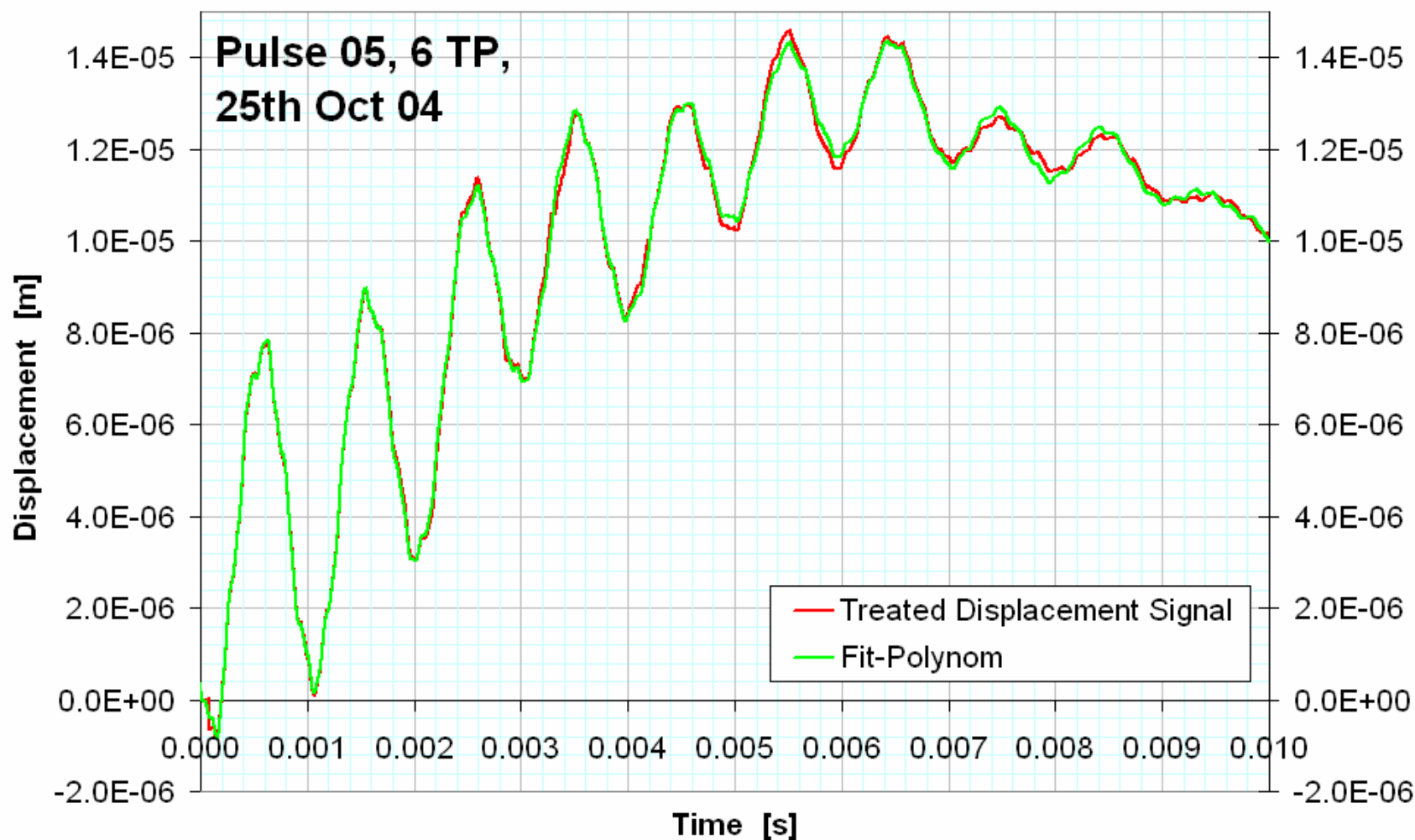
$0.6 \cdot 10^{13}$  p.o.t., displaced,  
TT40, 25th Oct.



$3.5 \cdot 10^{13}$  p.o.t., centered,  
L. Massidda and F. Mura, CRS4

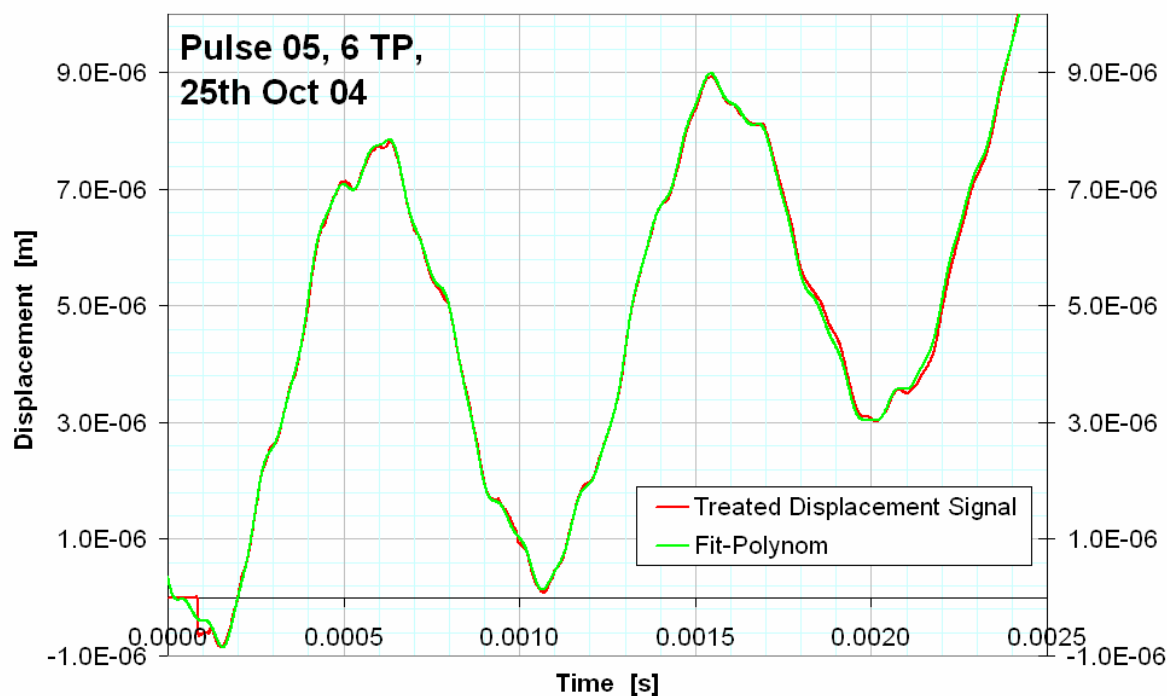


# Damping





# Non-Linear Fit of the Signal



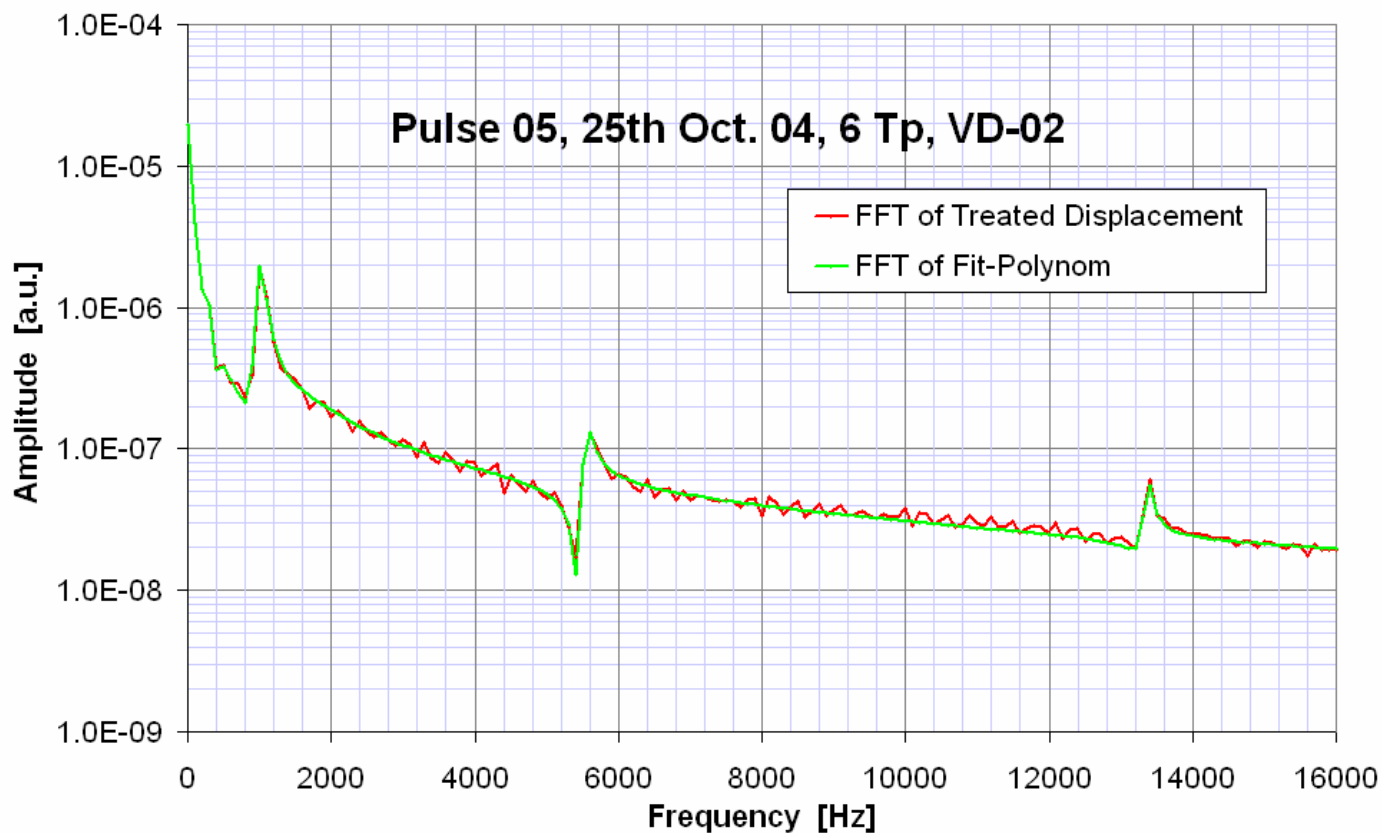
$$\begin{aligned} & 3.43501 \times 10^{-6} e^{198.863 t} (\cos[232.768 t] + \sin[232.768 t]) + \\ & 1.72292 \times 10^{-6} e^{-465.917 t} (\cos[1767.48 t] - \sin[1767.48 t]) - 2.73973 \times 10^{-12} e^{1636.4 t} (\cos[1867.27 t] + \sin[1867.27 t]) + \\ & 2.94561 \times 10^{-14} e^{2074.94 t} (\cos[2548.18 t] + \sin[2548.18 t]) - 4.50195 \times 10^{-7} e^{-267.048 t} (\cos[3110.5 t] + \sin[3110.5 t]) + \\ & 6.67683 \times 10^{-10} e^{738.441 t} (\cos[4094.13 t] + \sin[4094.13 t]) + 1.23202 \times 10^{-9} e^{-4334.65 t} (\cos[5934.24 t] + \sin[5934.24 t]) + \\ & 0.0000673651 e^{-415.155 t} (\cos[6297.72 t] + \sin[6297.72 t]) - 0.0000705036 e^{-403.418 t} (\cos[6313.31 t] + \sin[6313.31 t]) - \\ & 7.32912 \times 10^{-7} e^{-3291.7 t} (\cos[9767.18 t] + \sin[9767.18 t]) - 1.67809 \times 10^{-7} e^{-120.098 t} (\cos[34875.5 t] + \sin[34875.5 t]) - \\ & 2.19902 \times 10^{-7} e^{-286.797 t} (\cos[34978.7 t] - \sin[34978.7 t]) - 7.6409 \times 10^{-8} e^{-227.914 t} (\cos[83905.6 t] + \sin[83905.6 t]) \end{aligned}$$

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# FFT analysis



frequency [Hz]	damping time [ms]
37	5.03
281	2.15
297	0.61
406	0.48
495	3.74
652	1.35
944	0.23
1002	2.41
1005	2.48
1554	0.30
5551	8.33
5567	3.49
13354	4.39

Damping time  $\rightarrow 1/e$





# Conclusion



- experimental method using LVM proven
  - Successful usage of PT100 in-beam
    - 2 out of three are mechanical broken at lead
    - third needs further investigation
1. Simulations qualitatively confirmed
  2. Frequencies / Damping constants known



# Thanks



**Thanks  
for your  
support!**



Building 867-R-P73

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